

# Can Jupyter Notebooks Serve Two Masters?

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Amanda Birmingham

Senior Bioinformatics Engineer

Center for Computational Biology & Bioinformatics, UCSD

# Reproducible Research

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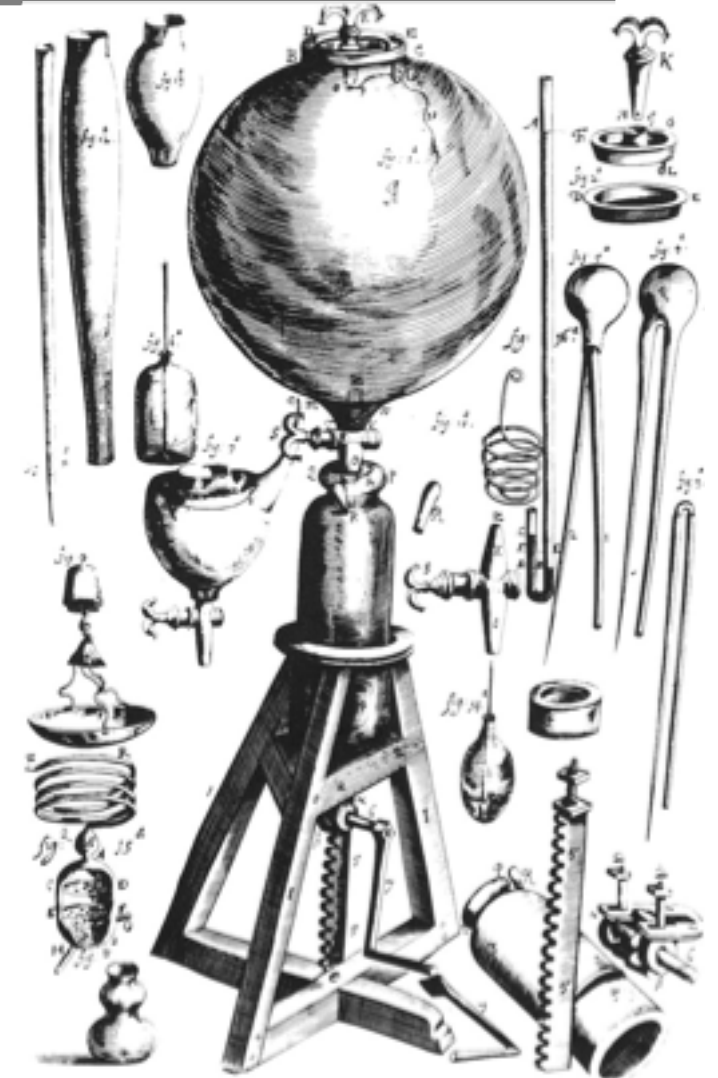
- Repeatability & reproducibility are key to the scientific method
  - In 1663, only Robert Boyle and Christiaan Huygens could produce a vacuum—and their findings didn't agree
- Informatics *should* be at the forefront of reproducible research
  - Doing the same thing over and over is what computers do best!



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- Many see Jupyter Notebooks as the magic bullet for reproducibility
  - e.g., Data Carpentry offers an entire workshop on "Reproducible Research using Jupyter Notebooks"



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- Many see Jupyter Notebooks as the magic bullet for reproducibility
  - e.g., Data Carpentry offers an entire workshop on "Reproducible Research using Jupyter Notebooks"
- But Jupyter Notebooks were explicitly designed to be **interactive**



# “No Man Can Serve Two Masters”

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- Jupyter Notebooks’ interactivity directly compromises their reproducibility
  - Cells can be executed out of order, which is inconsistent with end-to-end rerunning
  - Changing code/variables in a notebook does NOT rerun cells that depend on that change
    - In fact, it doesn’t even clear old outputs!

```
In [3]: x = 25
```

```
In [2]: print(x)
```

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6
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- Currently, users often sacrifice one goal or the other
  - Enforce reproducibility with notebook scripting, run-only cells extension
  - Embrace interactivity in “draft” notebooks, redo for reproducibility once best path through data known

# ... Or Can He?

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- Maybe there aren't two opposing goals, but one synthesizing goal
  - Interactivity is critical to exploratory data analysis
  - Reproducibility is central to the scientific method
  - Thus, the real goal is: **make interactive data exploration reproducible**

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- Some ideas:
  - Highlight and/or clear cells "downstream" of a code change
  - Expand "undo" capability
  - Improve integration with version control systems
  - Produce record of all steps, in order run, with output and comments
    - Include re-runs as separate items
    - IPython logging (%logstart with -o) gets only part-way there, and is python-specific ☹

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In [1]: x = 6
In [2]: print(x)
6
As we can see, x is less than 10
```

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In [3]: x = 25
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```
In [4]: print(x)
```


```
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```

```
Now x is greater than 10
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    - IPython logging (%logstart with -o) gets only part-way there, and is python-specific ☹
- Science is hard, so record-keeping should be easy!

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